Systematic and Phylogeny

## Biogeographic and evolutionary patterns in endemic reptiles from Corsica and Sardinia

Salvi D.1, Carretero M.A.1, Bologna M.A2, Harris D.J.1

<sup>1</sup> CIBIO, Centro de Investigação em Biodiversidade e Recursos Genéticos; Campus Agrário de Vairão, 4485-661 Vairão, Portugal e-mails: salvi@mail.icav.up.pt; carretero@mail.icavi.up.pt; james@ mail.icavi.up.pt.

<sup>2</sup> Dipartimento di Biologia Ambientale, University "Roma Tre", Viale G. Marconi 446, 00146 Rome, Italy e-mail: bologna@uniroma3.it

Abstract: Corsica and Sardinia are important hotspots of diversity and endemism. Surprisingly, only a few studies are available on geographic variation and evolutionary history of Corsican-Sardinian species. In this study we investigate biogeographic and evolutionary patterns of three lacertid lizards endemic to Corsica and Sardinia under a comparative phylogeographic framework. We analysed mitochondrial gene genealogies in Archaeolacerta bedriagae, Podarcis tiliguerta, and Algyroides fitzingeri including populations from the entire species' distribution range. Preliminary results show a complete lack of phylogeographical concordance among significant genealogical partitions across the studied species. Each species shows an idiosyncratic pattern of geographical distribution of genetic diversity and a different degree of differentiation among the main lineages with P. tiliguerta likely representing a species-complex, A. bedriagae showing two main (well differentiated) lineages and A. fitzingeri showing a very low differentiation among populations. Based on these preliminary results, the absence of common phylogeographic patterns in these three co-distributed species would reflect a complex of historical, evolutionary and biogeographical processes within the Corso-Sardinian biota. Further investigations with the inclusion of nuclear markers are needed for a better understanding of the complexity of the processes underlying the origin and the patterns of diversity in endemic reptiles from Corsica and Sardinia.